

Chapter Phar 1

AUTHORITY AND DEFINITIONS

Phar 1.01 Authority.

Phar 1.02 Definitions.

Note: Chapter Phar 1 as it existed on January 31, 1983 was repealed and a new chapter Phar 1 was created effective February 1, 1983.

Phar 1.01 Authority. Rules in chs. [Phar 1](#) to [16](#) are adopted under authority of ss. [15.08 \(5\) \(b\)](#), [227.11 \(2\)](#), Stats., and ch. [450](#), Stats.

History: Cr. [Register, January, 1983, No. 325](#), eff. 2-1-83; am. [Register, August, 1991, No. 428](#), eff. 9-1-91; am., [Register, December, 1998, No. 516](#), eff. 1-1-99; am., [Register, March, 2000, No. 531](#), eff. 4-1-00; correction made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., [Register January 2002 No. 553](#).

Phar 1.02 Definitions. As used in chs. [Phar 1](#) to [16](#):

(1) “Board” means the pharmacy examining board.

Note: The board office is located at 1400 East Washington Avenue, Madison, Wisconsin 53702.

(2) “Community pharmacy” means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an out-patient basis.

(3) “DEA” means the drug enforcement administration.

(4) “Institutional pharmacy” means practice in a licensed pharmacy providing pharmaceutical services primarily on an inpatient basis.

(4m) “Long term care facility” means a facility for the developmentally disabled or other nursing home.

(5) “LTCF” means a long term care facility.

(6) “Managing pharmacist” means a pharmacist designated by the pharmacy owner to have responsibility for and direct control of pharmaceutical operations in a pharmacy.

(7) “NAPLEX” means the North American Pharmacy Licensing Examination.

(8) “Pharmacist” has the meaning given in s. [450.01 \(15\)](#), Stats.

(9) “Pharmacist-in-charge” means a pharmacist who is physically present in the licensed facility and responsible for the routine operation of a pharmacy for the period of time specified by the managing pharmacist.

(10) “Pharmacy” means any place of practice licensed by the board under s. [450.06](#), Stats.

(11) “Pharmacy owner” means a person or entity to whom a pharmacy license is issued.

(12) “Practice of pharmacy” has the meaning under s. [450.01 \(16\)](#), Stats.

(13) “PRN” means renew as needed.

(14) “Professional service area” means the area of a pharmacy in which prescriptions are compounded or dispensed, hypodermic needles, syringes, poisons and schedule V controlled substances as listed in s. [961.22](#), Stats., and ch. [CSB 2](#) are available, or where patients are consulted.

(15) “Terminal illness” means an incurable condition caused by injury or illness that reasonable medical judgment finds would cause death.

History: Cr. [Register, January, 1983, No. 325](#), eff. 2-1-83; am. (intro.), renum. (2) to (9) to be (6) to (12) and (14) and am. (8), (10) and (12), cr. (2) to (5) and (13), [Register, August, 1991, No. 428](#), eff. 9-1-91; cr. (4m) and (15), [Register, September, 1994, No. 465](#), eff. 10-1-94; am. (7), (8), (11) and (14), [Register, December, 1998, No. 516](#), eff. 1-1-99; am. (intro.), [Register, March, 2000, No. 531](#), eff. 4-1-00; emerg. cr. (3c), (4c), (4e), and (14m), eff. 1-1-02; correction in (intro.) made under s. 13.93 (2m) (b) 7., Stats., [Register January 2002 No. 553](#); [CR 14-023](#); am. (7) [Register August 2014 No. 704](#), eff. 9-1-14.